



HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time
HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future

HDR-ARtiSt: High Dynamic Range Advanced Real-Time Imaging System

P.J. Lapray, B. Heyrman, M. Rossé & D. Ginhac

LE2I UMR 5158, Univ Burgundy, Dijon, France
Email: Pierre-Jean.Lapray@u-bourgogne.fr

Tuesday May 22, 2012
ISCAS'12





HDR-ARtiSt: High Dynamic Range Advanced Real-Time Imaging System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future

- 1 Introduction
 - What is HDR imaging ?
 - What's our goals ?
 - Our hardware platform
- 2 Real-time HDR Solution
 - HDR capture
 - Memory Management
 - HDR Blending
 - Tone mapping
- 3 Future



Summary

- 1 Introduction
 - What is HDR imaging ?
 - What's our goals ?
 - Our hardware platform
- 2 Real-time HDR Solution
 - HDR capture
 - Memory Management
 - HDR Blending
 - Tone mapping
- 3 Future

What is HDR imaging ?

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time
HDR Solution

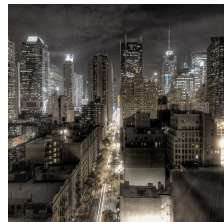
HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future

- High Dynamic Range
- Dynamic Range is measured in Exposure Value (EV) differences or stops between the brightest and the darkest parts of the image. An increase of one stop is doubling the amount of light of the image



Capture limitation

A standard camera is able to capture only a fraction of the visual information.



What is HDR imaging ?

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time
HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future

- For a digital camera, number of stops = bit precision of the ADC (ex : 10 stops for a 10-bit camera) camera
- Real scenes includes sunlit and shaded areas. When capturing a scene, the camera is unable to store the full dynamic range of the scene.



VS



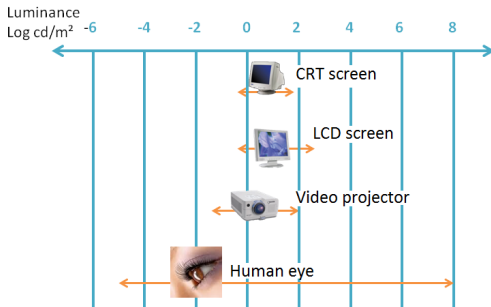
What is HDR imaging ?

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Limitation on display

- Human eyes perceives a greater Dynamic Range than a digital camera (12 orders of magnitude)
- The standard screens can not transmit to the human eye this dynamic range.



Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

What is HDR imaging ?

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

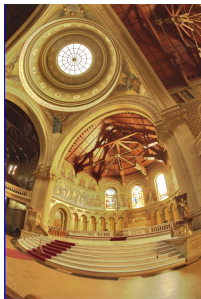
What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

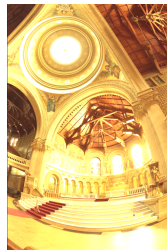
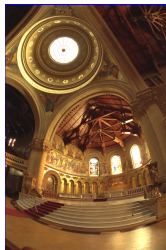
Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture
Memory
Management
HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future



- At left, an HDR image consisting of details in dark and illuminated areas
- Below, the acquisitions made by a camera.



What is HDR imaging ?

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

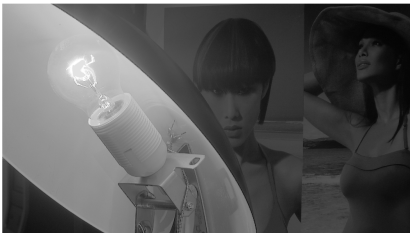
Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future



- Another example of B & W HDR image
- (Images acquired by Thales Angenieux)



What is HDR imaging ?

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Final goal

By limiting the exposure time, the resulting image contains the details in high illumination areas. By increasing the exposure time, the resulting image contains the details in the dark areas.



What's our goal ?

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

- Build a dedicated hardware camera on FPGA
- Perform multiple captures, HDR blending, tone mapping and displaying HDR contents
- 60 images/s image processing in real-time
- 1.3 Megapixels

Our hardware platform

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Gin hac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

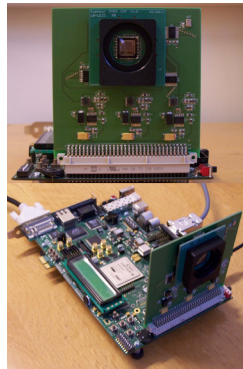
Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

- A Virtex 5 FPGA development board
- e2V sensor : 1.3 Megapixel, 60 images/s, high sensitivity, low power, global shutter mode
- Several communication interfaces : Ethernet, SDRAM (256MB), serial interface, DVI...



Summary

- 1 Introduction
 - What is HDR imaging ?
 - What's our goals ?
 - Our hardware platform
- 2 Real-time HDR Solution
 - HDR capture
 - Memory Management
 - HDR Blending
 - Tone mapping
- 3 Future

HDR capture

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

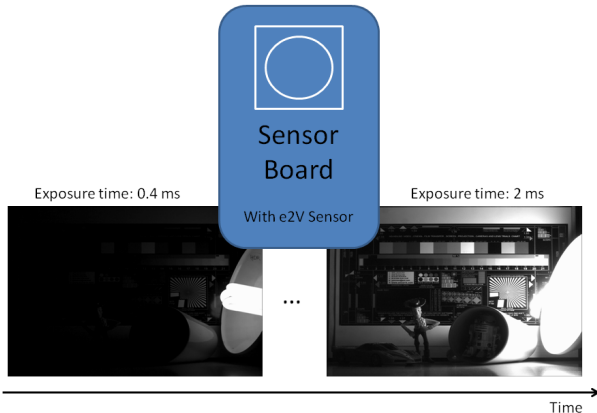
HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future

- The sensor is able to send successively 2 images with 2 different integration times at 60 frames/s
- The integration time varies rapidly during the capture



Memory Management

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

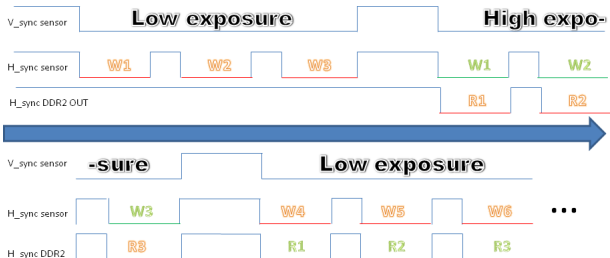
HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Frame buffering for HDR creating

- While we receive one frame from the sensor, we read the last frame from the SDRAM memory and we write the current frame into DDR2 memory
- Finally, we have a 2 streams of Low Dynamic Range images in parallel



HDR Blending

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

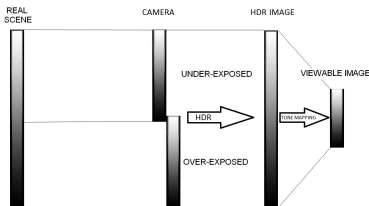
HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Steps of Debevec et al. algorithm

- Having two images : one underexposed and one overexposed
- Knowing the two exposure times
- Knowing the response curve of the sensor
- Applying Debevec algorithm for each pixel
- We obtain an HDR image encoded with IEEE754 floating point standard



HDR Blending

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Debevec et al. algorithm

$$\ln E_i = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^P \omega(Z_{ij})(g(Z_{ij}) - \ln \Delta t_{ij})}{\sum_{j=1}^P \omega(Z_{ij})} \quad (1)$$

Where $\omega(z)$ is the weighting function. It is a simple hat equation. E_i is the irradiance, Z_{ij} is the pixel value of pixel location number i in image j and Δt_{ij} is the exposure duration. The function g is defined as $g = \ln f^{-1}$. The response curve g is determined by resolving a complex quadratic function in C++.

HDR Blending

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

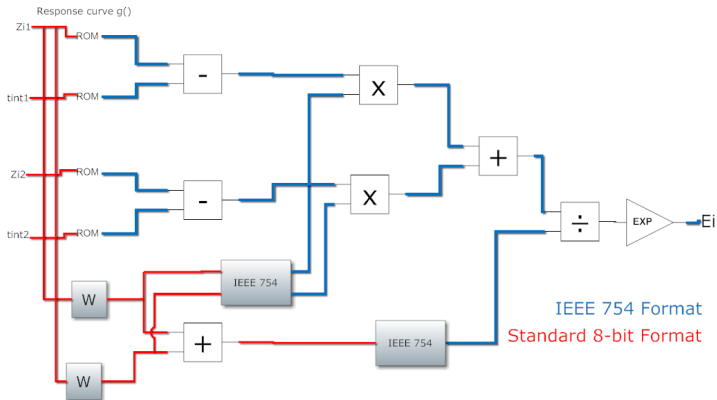
HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future



HDR Blending

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time
HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Debevec et al. algorithm

Device :	xc5vfx70t-1ff1136
Number of Slice LUTs :	5647/44800 (12%)
Number of Slice Registers :	5975/44800 (13%)
Number of Block RAM/FIFO :	6/148 (4%)
Number of DSP48Es :	4/128 (3%)
Maximum frequency :	184.536 MHz

TABLE : Summary of hardware synthesis report

Tone mapping

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

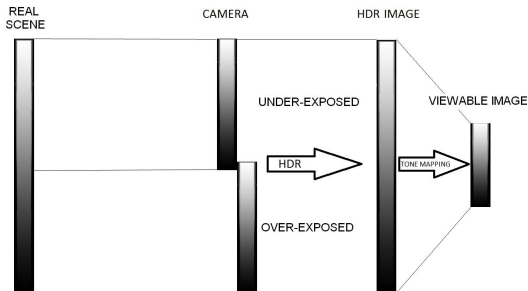
HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Make the picture viewable : the tone mapping

- Skip IEEE754 32-bit format to 8-bit
- Allow on-screen standard display
- It is necessary to convert the HDR values to 8-bit integer values in such a way that all the details are still faithfully reproduced : we use the Duan et al. global algorithm.



Tone mapping

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time
HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Duan et al. algorithm

$$D(I) = C * (D_{max} - D_{min}) + D_{min}$$
$$\text{with } C = \frac{\log(I + \tau) - \log(I_{min} + \tau)}{\log(I_{max} + \tau) - \log(I_{min} + \tau)} \quad (2)$$

Duan et al. algorithm

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

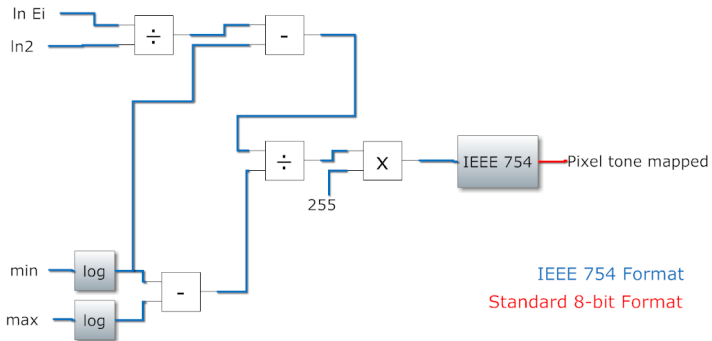
HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future



Tone mapping

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Duan et al. algorithm

Device :	xc5vfx70t-1ff1136
Number of Slice LUTs :	4784/44800 (11%)
Number of Slice Registers :	5025/44800 (10%)
Number of DSP48Es :	2/128 (1%)
Maximum frequency :	161.125 MHz

TABLE : Summary of hardware synthesis report

Results

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future



Frame 0

High exposure

Low exposure

High exposure



HDR Video at 60 frames/s



Summary

- 1 Introduction
 - What is HDR imaging ?
 - What's our goals ?
 - Our hardware platform
- 2 Real-time HDR Solution
 - HDR capture
 - Memory Management
 - HDR Blending
 - Tone mapping
- 3 Future



Future

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

- We work on HDR creating from 3 images for better results
- Build a new camera. Migrate to a Virtex 6 architecture
- An UDP Ethernet communication to fetch video samples
- Implementation of more complex tone mapping algorithm.



Thank you

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Thank you.

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future



Additional informations

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future



2 images.



Additional informations

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginjac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future



3 images.

Additional informations

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

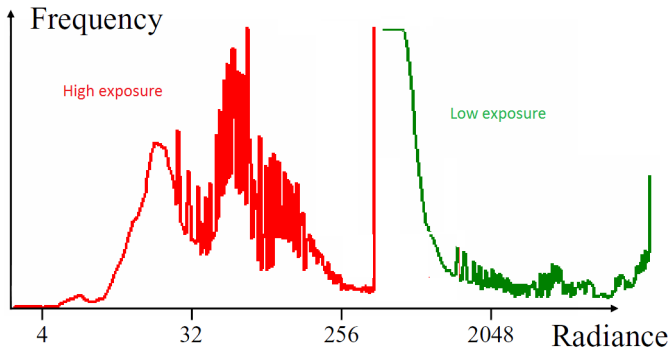
HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future



2 images histogram.

Additional informations

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?
What's our goals ?
Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture
Memory
Management
HDR Blending
Tone mapping

Future

Curve $g()$:

$$g(Z_{ij}) = \ln E_i + \ln \Delta t_j \quad (3)$$

Z is a nonlinear function of the original exposure X at the pixel.

$$\mathcal{O} = \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^P [g(Z_{ij}) - \ln E_i - \ln \Delta t_j]^2 + \lambda \sum_{z=Z_{min}+1}^{Z_{max}-1} g''(z)^2 \quad (4)$$

Note that the curve can be used to determine radiance values in any image(s) acquired by the imaging process associated with g , not just the images used to recover the response function.

Additional informations

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time
HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Weighting function :

$$\omega(z) = \begin{cases} z - Z_{min} & \text{for } z \leq \frac{1}{2}(Z_{min} + Z_{max}) \\ Z_{max} - z & \text{for } z > \frac{1}{2}(Z_{min} + Z_{max}) \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

Additional informations

HDR-ARtiSt:
High Dynamic
Range
Advanced
Real-Time
Imaging
System

P.J. Lapray,
B. Heyrman,
M. Rossé &
D. Ginhac

Introduction

What is HDR
imaging ?

What's our goals ?

Our hardware
platform

Real-time HDR Solution

HDR capture

Memory
Management

HDR Blending

Tone mapping

Future

Global

Device :	xc5vfx70t-1ff1136
Number of Slice LUTs :	13011/44800 (29%)
Number of Slice Registers :	8010/44800 (17%)
Number of Block RAM/FIFO :	18/148 (12%)
Number of DSP48Es :	6/128 (4%)
Maximum frequency :	128.236 MHz

TABLE : Summary of hardware synthesis report